

# ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION

IN ACCORDANCE WITH EN 15804+A2 & ISO 14025 / ISO 21930

Siderise closed state cavity barriers, firestops, perimeter seals, and acoustic void barriers  
Siderise Insulation Limited



**EPD HUB, HUB-3125**

Published on 02.04.2025, last updated on 02.04.2025, valid until 01.04.2030

## GENERAL INFORMATION

### MANUFACTURER

Manufacturer	Siderise Insulation Limited
Address	Forge Industrial Estate, Maesteg, Bridgend, CF34 0AH, UK
Contact details	salesteam@siderise.com
Website	<a href="https://www.siderise.com/">https://www.siderise.com/</a>

### EPD STANDARDS, SCOPE AND VERIFICATION

Program operator	EPD Hub, hub@epdhub.com
Reference standard	and ISO 14025
PCR	EPD Hub Core PCR Version 1.1, 5 Dec 2023
Sector	Construction product
Category of EPD	Sister EPD
Parent EPD number	HUB-1301
Scope of the EPD	Cradle to gate with modules C1-C4, D
EPD author	Sera Turkoglu, ESG Manager, Siderise Insulation Limited
EPD verification	Independent verification of this EPD and data, according to ISO 14025: <input type="checkbox"/> Internal verification <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> External verification
EPD verifier	Haiha Nguyen, as an authorized verifier acting for EPD Hub Limited

The manufacturer has the sole ownership, liability, and responsibility for the EPD. EPDs within the same product category but from different programs may not be comparable. EPDs of construction products may not be comparable if they do not comply with EN 15804 and if they are not compared in a building context.

### PRODUCT

Product name	Siderise closed state cavity barriers, firestops, perimeter seals, and acoustic void barriers
Additional labels	
Product reference	EW-CB30, EW-FS60, EW-FS120, CH-60/60, CH-120/120, RF-CB30, RF-FS60, RF-FS120, RF-CB30-X, RF-FS60-X, TW-CB30, TW-FS60, TW-FS120, FF-NPC60, FF-PC60WJ, FF-NPC60WJ, CVB/75LAM/90, CVB/75LAM/120
Place of production	Forge Industrial Estate, Maesteg, Bridgend, CF34 0AH, UK
Period for data	2022
Averaging in EPD	Multiple products
Variation in GWP-fossil for A1-A3	+3% / +2%

## ENVIRONMENTAL DATA SUMMARY

Declared unit	1 kg
Declared unit mass	1 kg
GWP-fossil, A1-A3 (kgCO <sub>2</sub> e)	1.73E+00
GWP-total, A1-A3 (kgCO <sub>2</sub> e)	1.72E+00
Secondary material, inputs (%)	1.64
Secondary material, outputs (%)	7.21
Total energy use, A1-A3 (kWh)	6.46
Net freshwater use, A1-A3 (m <sup>3</sup> )	0.01

## PRODUCT AND MANUFACTURER

### ABOUT THE MANUFACTURER

For 50 years Siderise has been providing innovative insulation solutions for fire, acoustic, and thermal applications internationally. As a global expert in passive fire protection, our market leading product ranges have become the trusted brand in high-rise buildings, construction and building services. With our unrivalled technical expertise and services coupled with our unique manufacturing processes, we are the manufacturer of choice for many major companies around the globe.

### PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

This is the sister EPD of Siderise CW-FS range of products. CW-FS parent EPD number: HUB-1301. This EPD covers the following products:

EW – Cavity Barriers and Firestops for Masonry External Walls – EW-CB30, EW-FS60, EW-FS120

CH – Cavity Barriers for Non-ventilated Cladding – Horizontal – CH-60/60, CH-120/120

RF – Cavity Barriers and Firestops for Raised Access Floors – RF-CB30, RF-FS60, RF-FS120, RF-CB30-X, RF-FS60-X

TW – Firestops for Tops of Walls – TW-CB30, TW-FS60, TW-FS120

FF – Firefloor Systems for Existing Timber Floors - FF-NPC60, FF-PC60WJ, FF-NPC60WJ

CVB – Acoustic Void Barriers for Ceilings and Floors - CVB/75LAM/90, CVB/75LAM/120

Siderise offers an extensive range of solutions for cavity barriers, fire stops, and acoustic barriers for a wide range of applications. The EW product is installed in the cavity of masonry external walls, the CH product is installed in the cavity behind non-ventilated facades, the RF product is installed under raised access floors, the TW product is installed at the top of internal walls, the FF product is installed in between timber floor joints to increase the fire

resistance of compartment timber floors, and the CVB product is installed as an acoustic barrier for suspended ceilings and floors.

All the products listed in this EPD feature a Lamella insulation core comprising durable and resilient vertically oriented stone wool fibres laterally compressed under factory-controlled conditions and held in place with aluminium foil facings heat-bonded to the cut face of the fibres. Each of the products contained in this EPD has its own Technical Datasheet detailing the respective applications and any relevant test data.

Further information can be found at <https://www.siderise.com/>.

### PRODUCT RAW MATERIAL MAIN COMPOSITION

Raw material category	Amount, mass %	Material origin
Metals	6.3	United Kingdom
Minerals	93.7	United Kingdom
Fossil materials	-	-
Bio-based materials	-	-

### BIOGENIC CARBON CONTENT

Product's biogenic carbon content at the factory gate

Biogenic carbon content in product, kg C	0
Biogenic carbon content in packaging, kg C	0.0024

### FUNCTIONAL UNIT AND SERVICE LIFE

Declared unit	1 kg
Mass per declared unit	1 kg
Functional unit	-
Reference service life	-

### SUBSTANCES, REACH - VERY HIGH CONCERN

The product does not contain any REACH SVHC substances in amounts greater than 0,1 % (1000 ppm).

# PRODUCT LIFE-CYCLE

## SYSTEM BOUNDARY

This EPD covers the life-cycle modules listed in the following table.

Product stage			Assembly stage		Use stage							End of life stage				Beyond the system boundaries		
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D		
X	X	X	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	X	X	X	X	X		
Raw materials	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport	Assembly	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	Deconstruction/ demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse	Recovery	Recycling

Modules not declared = MND. Modules not relevant = MNR

### MANUFACTURING AND PACKAGING (A1-A3)

The environmental impacts considered for the product stage cover the manufacturing of raw materials used in the production as well as packaging materials and other ancillary materials. Also, fuels used by machines, and handling of waste formed in the production processes at the manufacturing facilities are included in this stage. The study also considers the material losses occurring during the manufacturing processes as well as losses during electricity transmission.

Siderise products represented as part of this EPD are made of a non-combustible stone wool lamella core, with reinforced aluminium foil faces. The stone wool is manufactured in the UK, the aluminium foil faces are manufactured in mainland Europe and they are shipped to the manufacturing facility in Maesteg, Bridgend, Wales. The representative products mainly use galvanised brackets. These brackets are manufactured in the UK and shipped to the manufacturing facility in Maesteg. The representative product range is manufactured using state-of-the-art production equipment to rigorous quality assurance standards complying with the ISO 9001 standard. Environmental management of the manufacturing process is certified to ISO 14001. The manufacturing process takes the stone wool core, which is cut into strips and rotated through 90 degrees so the fibres are perpendicular to the cavity barrier top and bottom surfaces. The strips are also subjected to lateral compression which eliminates any gaps and produces a more homogenous board with substantially better rigidity than a standard stone wool slab of the same density. Whilst under compression the product is faced with reinforced aluminium foil. The product is then cut into widths depending on customer order requirements, or supplied as full sheets. The process requires electricity for the machinery, heating oil for heating and propane for forklifts. Water is used in the manufacturing facility for cleaning and drinking purposes and does not enter the product. Wastewater treatment is also considered. A wood pallet, cardboard edge protectors (full sheets only), a cardboard top lid (full sheets only), a cardboard box (pre-cut widths only), vinyl tape (pre-cut widths only) and packaging film are used as packaging materials for transporting the finished product from the plant.

### TRANSPORT AND INSTALLATION (A4-A5)

Transportation impacts occurred from final products delivery to construction site (A4) cover fuel direct exhaust emissions, environmental impacts of fuel production, as well as related infrastructure emissions.

All transportation distances are calculated using Google Maps and averaged based on weighted sales to various locations. The assumed average transportation distances from the production plant to the building site are as follows: 342.07 km by a lorry >32 metric ton, EURO6; 35.95 km by a lorry 16-32 metric ton, EURO6; 1.59 km by a light

commercial vehicle; 0.11 km by sea via ferry. The vehicle capacity utilisation volume factor is assumed to be 1, indicating a full load. Although load variation may occur in reality, it is considered negligible as transportation emissions play a relatively small role in the overall results. Empty returns are not accounted for separately, as it is assumed that the return trip is utilised by the transportation company to serve other clients. The datasets used incorporate an average load factor for empty returns. Transportation is not considered to cause losses, as the product is assumed to be properly packaged. Environmental impacts resulting from installation into the building include waste from packaging materials (A5) and the release of biogenic carbon dioxide from the wood pallet, cardboard edge protectors, and cardboard top lid. The assessment also incorporates the environmental impacts of material production, processing, and disposal as installation waste. Raw material waste scenarios are derived from interviews with installers, suppliers, and waste management companies, while packaging waste scenarios are based on Defra statistics. A 5% loss of the stone wool and foil facings is assumed during installation due to offcuts, with 3% being recycled and 97% sent to landfill. For cardboard edge protectors and top lid, 70.6% is recycled, and the remainder is incinerated. 44.2% of plastic pallet wrap is recycled, and the rest is incinerated. For wood pallets, 44.1% is recycled, and the remainder is incinerated. Electricity consumption for the installation of brackets is included based on an average scenario for product installation. A typical installation scenario requires the use of a hammer drill driver (20 sec, 800 W) to drill a hole in concrete and an electrical screwdriver (10 sec, 800 W) to drive in the fixings.

## PRODUCT USE AND MAINTENANCE (B1-B7)

This EPD does not cover the use phase.

Air, soil, and water impacts during the use phase have not been studied.

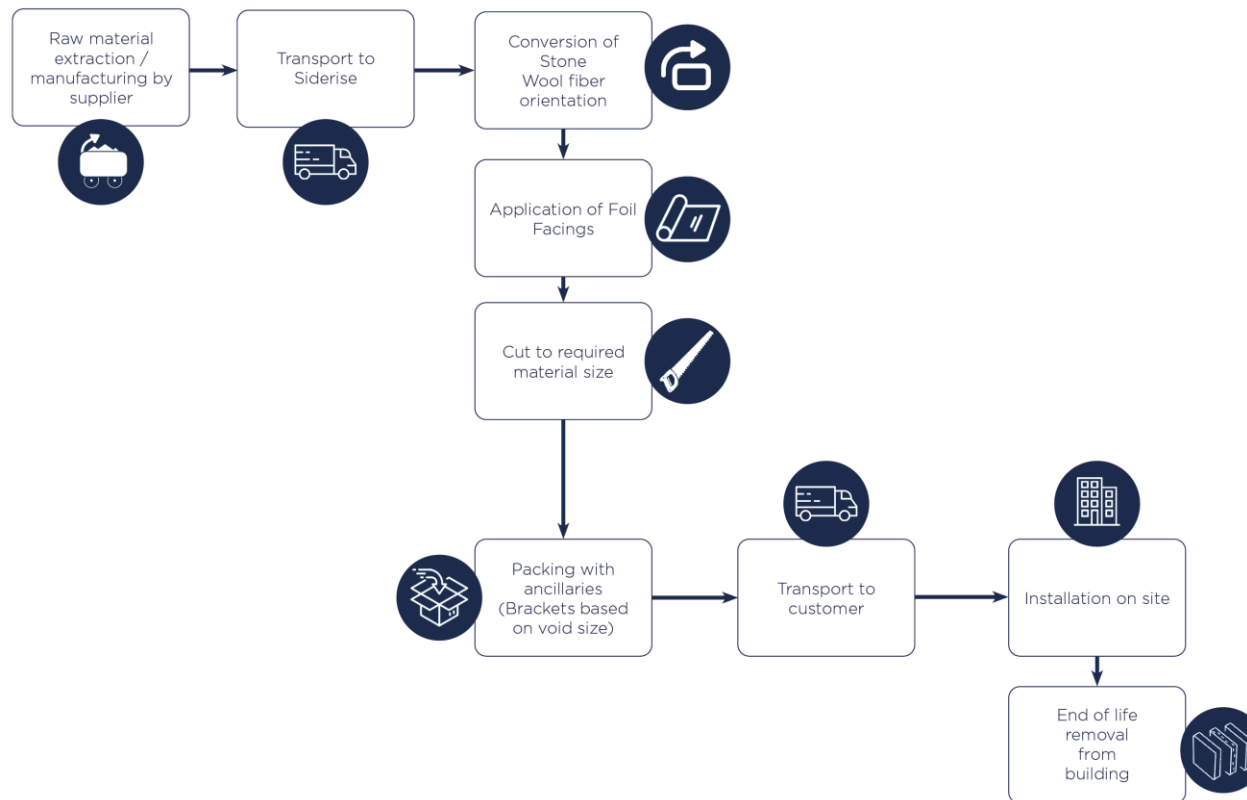
## PRODUCT END OF LIFE (C1-C4, D)

Energy consumption during the deconstruction process (removing the bracket - (10 sec, 800 W with an electrical screwdriver) is taken into consideration. Raw material waste scenarios are derived from interviews with suppliers, waste management

companies, and data gathered from trade associations. It is assumed that the waste is collected separately and transported to the waste treatment centre, with transportation distance assumed to be 50 km, using a lorry as the mode of transportation (C2). Regarding stone wool and foil facings: 3% is recycled, while 97% is sent to landfill. For galvanized brackets, 87% is recycled, 10% is reused, and 3% is sent to landfill. Module C3 accounts for energy and resource inputs associated with sorting and treating these waste streams, including incineration with energy recovery efficiency exceeding 60%. Additionally, waste that is incinerated without energy recovery or landfilled is included in Module C4 while the flow is not included in Module D for benefits. Due to the material and energy recovery potential of parts in the end-of-life product and packaging, recycled raw materials lead to avoided virgin material production, while the energy recovered from incineration displaces electricity and heat production (D). The benefits and loads of packaging materials are included.

# MANUFACTURING PROCESS AND SYSTEM BOUNDARY

Siderise Perimeter Barriers, Firestops, Cavity Barriers and Acoustic Void Barriers Manufacturing Process



## LIFE-CYCLE ASSESSMENT

### CUT-OFF CRITERIA

The study does not exclude any modules or processes which are stated mandatory in the reference standard and the applied PCR. The study does not exclude any hazardous materials or substances. The study includes all major raw material and energy consumption. All inputs and outputs of the unit processes, for which data is available for, are included in the calculation. There is no neglected unit process more than 1% of total mass or energy flows. The module specific total neglected input and output flows also do not exceed 5% of energy usage or mass.

### ALLOCATION, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

Allocation is required if some material, energy, and waste data cannot be measured separately for the product under investigation. All allocations are done as per the reference standards and the applied PCR. In this study, allocation has been done in the following ways:

Data type	Allocation
Raw materials	No allocation
Packaging material	Not applicable
Ancillary materials	Allocated by mass or volume
Manufacturing energy and waste	Allocated by mass or volume

### AVERAGES AND VARIABILITY

Type of average	Multiple products
Averaging method	Representative product
Variation in GWP-fossil for A1-A3	+3% / +2%

This EPD is the sister EPD of CW-FS parent EPD number: HUB-1301  
 The representative product code in this sister EPD is EW/CB30/BJ/1.2-1.2/P.  
 The codes stand for below:

- EW: External Wall
- CB: Cavity Barrier
- 30: 30 mins fire resistance
- BJ: Butt Jointed
- 1.2 x1.2: length and width dimensions of the board in metres
- P: Pallet

The representative product represents the entire XFS range of products below, which are composed of a stone wool core with aluminium foil facing, these include:

EW – Cavity Barriers and Firestops for Masonry External Walls – EW-CB30, EW-FS60, EW-FS120

CH – Cavity Barriers for Non-ventilated Cladding – Horizontal – CH-60/60, CH-120/120

RF – Cavity Barriers and Firestops for Raised Access Floors – RF-CB30, RF-FS60, RF-FS120, RF-CB30-X, RF-FS60-X

TW – Firestops for Tops of Walls – TW-CB30, TW-FS60, TW-FS120

FF – Firefloor Systems for Existing Timber Floors - FF-NPC60, FF-PC60WJ, FF-NPC60WJ

CVB – Acoustic Void Barriers for Ceilings and Floors - CVB/75LAM/90, CVB/75LAM/120

All the products above are made using the same raw materials, meaning they have the same nominal density. The only differences across the range are the thicknesses and the application purposes.

Among this product list, the smallest product is EW/CB30/BJ/020, and the largest product is TW/FS120/BJ/1.2-1.2/P in terms of weight (kg). The smallest product does not require brackets because it achieves the fire rating performance as a friction-fit product.

The representative product has a 3% higher GWP than the smallest product. The analysis showed that the largest product exhibited a 2% lower GWP than the representative product despite its size. This phenomenon might be attributed to variations in the distribution of raw materials per 1 kg declared unit, with potentially more environmentally impactful materials having a reduced presence in the largest product compared to the representative product.

## LCA SOFTWARE AND BIBLIOGRAPHY

This EPD has been created using One Click LCA EPD Generator. The LCA and EPD have been prepared according to the reference standards and ISO 14040/14044. The EPD Generator uses Ecoinvent v3.8, Plastics Europe, Federal LCA Commons and One Click LCA databases as sources of environmental data.







### ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS – GWP-GHG - THE INTERNATIONAL EPD SYSTEM

Impact category	Unit	A1	A2	A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP-GHG <sup>9)</sup>	kg CO <sub>2</sub> e	1.65E+00	6.28E-03	6.71E-02	1.73E+00	4.03E-02	9.33E-02	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	0.00E+00	8.50E-03	2.80E-03	4.89E-03	1.51E-02

9) This indicator includes all greenhouse gases excluding biogenic carbon dioxide uptake and emissions and biogenic carbon stored in the product as defined by IPCC AR 5 (IPCC 2013). In addition, the characterisation factors for the flows - CH<sub>4</sub> fossil, CH<sub>4</sub> biogenic and Dinitrogen monoxide - were updated in line with the guidance of IES PCR 1.2.5 Annex 1. This indicator is identical to the GWP-total of EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 except that the characterization factor for biogenic CO<sub>2</sub> is set to zero.

## VERIFICATION STATEMENT

### VERIFICATION PROCESS FOR THIS EPD

This EPD has been verified in accordance with ISO 14025 by an independent, third-party verifier by reviewing results, documents and compliancy with reference standard, ISO 14025 and ISO 14040/14044, following the process and checklists of the program operator for:

- This Environmental Product Declaration
- The Life-Cycle Assessment used in this EPD
- The digital background data for this EPD

Why does verification transparency matter? Read more online

This EPD has been generated by One Click LCA EPD generator, which has been verified and approved by the EPD Hub.

### THIRD-PARTY VERIFICATION STATEMENT

I hereby confirm that, following detailed examination, I have not established any relevant deviations by the studied Environmental Product Declaration (EPD), its LCA and project report, in terms of the data collected and used in the LCA calculations, the way the LCA-based calculations have been carried out, the presentation of environmental data in the EPD, and other additional environmental information, as present with respect to the procedural and methodological requirements in ISO 14025:2010 and reference standard.

I confirm that the company-specific data has been examined as regards plausibility and consistency; the declaration owner is responsible for its factual integrity and legal compliance.

I confirm that I have sufficient knowledge and experience of construction products, this specific product category, the construction industry, relevant standards, and the geographical area of the EPD to carry out this verification.

I confirm my independence in my role as verifier; I have not been involved in the execution of the LCA or in the development of the declaration and have no conflicts of interest regarding this verification.

HaiHa Nguyen, as an authorized verifier acting for EPD Hub Limited  
02.04.2025

